

**TITLE: HIDDEN HINGE WITH 270 DEGREE ROTATION**

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Doors for appliances and cabinets come with a variety of hinges to suit multiple needs, however, most hinges limit movement to approximately 180° from a closed position to a fully open position. It may be desirable to open the door beyond 180°, for example approximately 270° so that the doors fold backward adjacent the sides of the appliance or cabinet. Also, hinges having multiple degrees of freedom wherein at least three hinge leaves are provided with at least two hinge pins or pivot points are known, but typically do not have any control to the order of rotation of the leaves. Such control of the rotation is desirable to eliminate damage or wear to door seals. Most hinges are also mounted on surfaces of the cabinet and doors, which detracts from the aesthetics of the product. Therefore, it is desirable to hide part of the hinge inside the door.

A primary objective of the present invention is the provision of an improved hinge pivotally connecting a door to a cabinet, such as an appliance cabinet.

Another objective of the present invention is the provision of a door hinge having multiple degrees of freedom which allow the door to pivot substantially 270° between closed and open positions.

A further objective of the present invention is the provision of a cabinet door hinge which is partially hidden within the door.

Still another objective of the present invention is the provision of a cabinet door hinge having a controlled order of operation of multiple hinge leaves during the opening and closing of the door.

Another objective of the present invention is the provision of a door hinge having a door leaf, a cabinet leaf, and an intermediate leaf interconnecting the door and cabinet leaves, and with the torsional resistance of the intermediate-to-cabinet leaves being greater than the torsional resistance of the intermediate-to-door leaves, so as to ensure full pivotal closure of the intermediate-to-door leaves prior to pivot of the intermediate-to-cabinet leaves.

Another objective of the present invention is the provision of a hinge for a cabinet having a door, wherein the hinge is economical to manufacture and durable and safe in use.

These and other objectives will become apparent from the following description of the invention.

## **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

5        The hinge of the present invention pivotally connects a door to a cabinet, such as an appliance door and cabinet. The hinge includes a door leaf mounted within the door and a cabinet leaf mounted on an exterior surface of the cabinet. An intermediate leaf interconnects the door and cabinet leaves, with a first pin connecting the door and intermediate leaves and a second pin connecting the cabinet and intermediate leaves  
10      together. Thus, the door is pivotal approximately 270° between open and closed positions. The first pin is hidden within the door. The intermediate leaf includes a curved portion extending between the door and cabinet leaves and extending through an opening in the door. A cam ramp is provided on the intermediate leaf and/or the cabinet leaf so as to provide greater torsional resistance between the cabinet and intermediate leaves compared  
15      to the door and intermediate leaves. The cam ramp controls the order of operation of the hinge leaves, such that the intermediate leaf pivots sequentially about the first and second pins, respectively. This controlled pivoting action eliminates or minimizes damage and wear to the door seal.

20      **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Figure 1 is a perspective view of an appliance having a pair of doors pivotally mounted to a cabinet with the hinges of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a sectional view taken along lines 2-2 of Figure 1 with the doors in the closed position.

25      Figure 3 is a sectional view similar to Figure 2, but with the doors in an open position.

Figure 4 is an enlarged sectional view taken along lines 4-4 of Figure 2.

Figure 5 is an enlarged sectional view taken along lines 5-5 of Figure 3.

30      Figure 6 is an exploded partial perspective view of the appliance cabinet, door and hinge.

Figure 7 is a perspective view of the hinge.

Figure 8 is an exploded view of the hinge.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

An appliance, such as a combination cabinet and tumble dryer 10, as shown in Figure 1, and includes a cabinet 12 and a pair of doors 14 that are pivotally mounted to the cabinet 12 for movement between open and closed positions. Each door 14 includes upper and lower hinges 16 which allow the door 14 to pivot approximately 270° between the closed position, shown in Figure 2, and the fully open position, shown in Figure 3.

It is understood that the hinges 16 may be used on any cabinet and door structure, in addition to the dryer 10 shown in the drawings. Also, the structure may have a single door, rather than the double doors 14 shown on the dryer 10.

Each hinge 16 includes a door leaf 18, a cabinet leaf 20, and an intermediate leaf 22. The intermediate leaf 22 extends between the door leaf 18 and the cabinet leaf 20. A first pin 24 connects the intermediate leaf 22 to the door leaf 18, and a second pin 26 interconnects the intermediate leaf 22 to the cabinet leaf 20. As best seen in Figures 4, 5 and 8, the intermediate leaf 22 includes a curved arm 28 extending between the door leaf 18 and the cabinet leaf 22. The arm 28 is curved substantially about a radius centered at the first pin 24.

The door leaf 18 is mounted inside the door 14 in any convenient manner, such as with screws or rivets 30 extending through holes 31 in the door 14 and through the holes 33 in the door leaf 18. The cabinet leaf 20 is mounted to an external portion of the cabinet 12 in any convenient manner. The curved arm 28 of the intermediate leaf 22 extends through an opening 32 in the door 14.

The upper and lower hinges 16 on each door 14 are interconnected by a rod 34. The rod 34 is mounted to the intermediate leaf 22 in any convenient manner, such as by screws or rivets 36 extending through holes 37 in the leaf 22 and through the holes 39 in the rod 34. The rod 34 assures that the upper and lower hinges function in unison and minimizes undesirable twisting of the door 14. In an alternate embodiment, rod 34 may be replaced by a single hinge pin (not shown) to replace first pins 24 of a pair of hinges 16.

In an appliance, such as the dryer 10, the doors 14 includes seals 40 which sealingly engage with the cabinet 12 when the doors 14 are in the closed position. With such an

appliance, it is desirable to control the order of operation of the hinge leaves 18, 20, 22, at least during the closing of the doors 14 so as to make or minimize damage and wear to the seals 40.

Each of the hinge pins 24 and 26 define first and second pivot axes. Door leaf 18 5 pivots about first pin 24 and then intermediate leaf 22 pivots about the second pin 26. Means are provided to control the order of pivotal movement of the first pin 24 and second pin 26. In the preferred embodiment, the means is a cam ramp 38 on the cabinet leaf 20. Due to the gravitational force of the door 14 on the hinge 16, torsional resistance to motion is produced as the intermediate leaf 22 rides up the inclined cam ramp 38 on the cabinet 10 leaf 20. The resulting torsional resistance is therefore greater during pivoting of the intermediate-to-cabinet leaves than in pivoting of the intermediate-to-door leaves. This increased torsional resistance ensures full closure of the intermediate-to-door leaves combination 22-18, prior to the intermediate-to-cabinet leaf combination 22-20 pivotal movement.

15 As an alternative control means the cam ramps may be replaced with many different types of interengaging features. Examples include, but are not limited to, two protrusions, a protrusion and a cam ramp or a protrusion and a detent. Another alternative detent arrangement includes a coil spring/ball arrangement, wherein the detent is designed to provide a torsional resistance in the intermediate-to-cabinet leaves combination 22-20, 20 which is greater than the torsional resistance in the intermediate-to-door leaves combination 22-18. In all the leaf control mechanisms, operational resistance is low enough to be comfortable to the user.

In operation, as each door 14 is moved from the closed position shown in Figure 2, the intermediate leaf 22 initially pivots about the second pivot 26 due to the greater surface 25 area contact at first pin 24 in comparison to the surface area contact at second pin 26, after which the intermediate leaf 22 pivots about the first pin 24 until the door is opened 270°. In closing the door, the door leaf 18 first pivots about the first pin 24 due to the interengagement of cam ramps 38 at second pin 26, then intermediate leaf 22 pivots about the second pin 26. This controlled order of pivotal movement of the intermediate leaf 22 30 and door leaf 18 assures that the door closes properly upon its seals 40 while minimizing damage and wear to the seals.

The invention has been shown and described above with the preferred embodiments, and it is understood that many modifications, substitutions, and additions may be made which are within the intended spirit and scope of the invention. From the foregoing, it can be seen that the present invention accomplishes at least all of its stated  
5 objectives.